## **CLAIMS**

1. A process of preparing a compound of formula I:

$$R^1$$

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wherein

 $R^1$  is selected from H,  $C_{1\text{-}10}$ alkyl, halogen, amino,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl-oxy, or hydroxy; L is a displaceable group selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro or iodo; and  $R^2$  is selected from H,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl-amino,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl-oxycarbonyl,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl-oxy and  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl-oxycarbonyl optionally substituted by one or more groups selected from halogen, amino and hydroxy;

comprising:

A) heating a mixture of a compound of formula Va:

and acetylating agent in the presence of a Lewis acid catalyst at a temperature and for a time effective to give compounds of formula Vb:

B) combining the compounds of formula Vb and a dicarbonyl compound to an alcohol solution at a temperature and for a time effective to give compounds of formula Vc:

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C) heating the compound of formula Vc with a mixture of acids at a temperature and for a time effective to give compounds of formula I.

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- 2. A process according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is, independently, hydrogen or fluoro.
- 3. A process according to claim 1, wherein  $R^2$  is, independently, H,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxy or hydroxy.
- 4. A process according to claim 1, wherein L is bromo.
- 5. A process of preparing a compound of formula I:

$$R^1$$
  $R^2$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-10}$ alkyl, halogen, amino,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-oxy, or hydroxy; L is a displaceable group selected from bromo, chloro, fluoro or iodo; and

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 $R^2$  is selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-amino,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-oxy and  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-oxycarbonyl optionally substituted by one or more groups selected from halogen, amino and hydroxy;

5 comprising:

A) heating a mixture of a compound of formula Va:

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and acetyl chloride in the presence of either aluminum chloride or zirconium tetrachloride at a temperature and for a time effective to give compounds of formula Vb:

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B) combining the compounds of formula Vb and diethyl oxalate to a solution of sodium ethoxide in absolute ethanol at a temperature and for a time effective to give compounds of formula Vc:

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- C) heating the compound of formula Vc with a mixture of acetic acid and hydrochloric acid at a temperature and for a time effective to give compounds of formula I.
- 6. A process according to claim 5, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is, independently, hydrogen or fluoro.
  - 7. A process according to claim 5, wherein  $R^2$  is, independently, H,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxy or hydroxy.
  - 8. A process according to claim 5, wherein L is bromo.